

## **Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for DP Surveillance Alerts Generation and Processing**

**1. Purpose** This SOP outlines the process for generating and processing Depository Participant (DP) surveillance alerts to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and to detect any suspicious or fraudulent activities.

**2. Scope** This procedure applies to all surveillance activities related to DP transactions, covering the generation, review, and resolution of alerts.

### **3. Responsibilities**

- **Surveillance Team:** Responsible for monitoring and analysing alerts.
- **Compliance Team:** Ensures regulatory adherence and reviews escalated alerts.
- **IT Support:** Maintains and updates the surveillance system.
- **Senior Management:** Oversees the effectiveness of the surveillance process.

### **4. Alert Generation**

- The surveillance system automatically generates alerts based on predefined rules and thresholds set by regulatory bodies and internal risk management teams.
- Common triggers include:
  - Unusual transaction volumes.
  - Frequent off-market transfers.
  - Transactions with no clear economic rationale.
  - Multiple trades in illiquid securities.
  - Transactions involving high-risk clients or entities.

### **5. Alert Review Process**

- **Step 1: Initial Screening**
  - The Surveillance Team reviews alerts in the system.
  - Basic checks include transaction type, client profile, and historical patterns.
- **Step 2: Detailed Analysis**
  - Additional scrutiny is applied to high-risk alerts.
  - Supporting documents and client interactions are reviewed.
- **Step 3: Escalation**
  - If suspicious activity is confirmed, the alert is escalated to the Compliance Team.
  - Compliance may conduct further investigation or request additional information.

## 6. Resolution & Closure

- Alerts are categorized as:
  - **False Positives:** Closed with documentation.
  - **Genuine Alerts:** Escalated for further action.
- Compliance Team documents findings and, if required, reports the case to regulatory authorities.
- Closure of alerts is logged with appropriate remarks and supporting evidence.

## 7. Reporting & Record Keeping

- All alerts, actions taken, and resolutions are documented and stored securely.
- Periodic reports are generated for review by senior management.
- Regulatory reports are filed as per compliance requirements.

## 8. System Maintenance & Review

- Regular updates and enhancements to alert parameters are conducted based on trends and regulatory changes.
- Periodic audits ensure the efficiency and effectiveness of the surveillance process.

## 9. Training & Awareness

- Regular training sessions for staff involved in surveillance activities.
- Awareness programs to keep employees informed of emerging risks and compliance updates.

## 10. Compliance & Regulatory Requirements

- Adherence to guidelines issued by regulatory bodies such as SEBI, RBI, and relevant exchanges.
- Periodic compliance audits and self-assessments.

## 11. Exception Handling

- Any deviations from the SOP must be documented and approved by senior management.
- Emergency measures can be implemented in case of system failures or significant security threats.

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This SOP ensures a structured approach to DP surveillance, enhancing regulatory compliance and mitigating risks associated with fraudulent or suspicious transactions.